

Unit 6 Quiz Review

Name each polynomial by degree and number of terms.

\* put in standard form and combine like terms!

1.  $-3x^5 - 10x^4 - x^3 + 4x$

quintic polynomial

2.  $-8x^4 + 2x^3 + 9x^5 \Rightarrow 9x^5 - 8x^4 + 2x^3$

quintic trinomial

3.  $k^4$

quartic monomial

4.  $7n - 4 + 3n \Rightarrow 10n - 4$

linear binomial

Simplify each of the polynomials by performing the indicated operation.

5.  $(-5m^2 - m + 4) + (-3m^2 - 5m + 2)$

$\Rightarrow -5m^2 - m + 4 - 3m^2 - 5m + 2$

$= -8m^2 - 6m + 6$

6.  $(3p^3 + 3p^2 + 9) - (5p^3 - 7p^2 + 6p - 9)$

$\Rightarrow 3p^3 + 3p^2 + 9 - 5p^3 + 7p^2 - 6p + 9$

$= -2p^3 + 10p^2 - 6p + 18$

7.  $(x - 8)(x - 7)$

$\Rightarrow x^2 - 7x - 8x + 56$

$= x^2 - 15x + 56$

	x	-7
x	$x^2$	$-7x$
-8	$-8x$	56

8.  $(x + 6)(x + 2) - (5x^3 + 3x^2 - 5)$

	x	2
x	$x^2$	$2x$
6	$6x$	12

$x^2 + 2x + 6x + 12 - (5x^3 + 3x^2 - 5)$

$= x^2 + 8x + 12 - 5x^3 - 3x^2 + 5$

$= -5x^3 - 2x^2 + 8x + 17$

Solve each equation.

9.  $5x^2 - 35x + 60 = 0$

$$5(x^2 - 7x + 12) = 0$$

	x	-3	
x	$x^2$	$-3x$	Mult: $12x^2$ Add: $-7x^2$
-4	$-4x$	12	

$$5(x-4)(x-3) = 0$$

$5 \neq 0$        $x-4=0$        $x-3=0$   
 $\downarrow$              $\downarrow$              $\downarrow$   
 $\frac{x-4}{+4 \quad +4} = 0$        $\frac{x-3}{+3 \quad +3} = 0$   
 $\boxed{x=4}$                        $\boxed{x=3}$

10.  $x^3 + 11x^2 - 12x = 0$

$$x(x^2 + 11x - 12) = 0$$

	x	12	
x	$x^2$	$12x$	Mult: $-12x^2$ Add: $11x$
-1	$-x$	$-12$	

$$x(x-1)(x+12) = 0$$

$x=0$        $x-1=0$        $x+12=0$   
 $\downarrow$              $\downarrow$              $\downarrow$   
 $\frac{x-1}{+1 \quad +1} = 0$        $\frac{x+12}{-12 \quad -12} = 0$   
 $\boxed{x=1}$                        $\boxed{x=-12}$

11.  $28x^3 + 16x^2 - 21x - 12 = 0$

	7x	4	
$4x^2$	$28x^3$	$16x^2$	
-3	$-21x$	$-12$	

$$(4x^2 - 3)(7x + 4) = 0$$

$4x^2 - 3 = 0$        $7x + 4 = 0$   
 $\downarrow$                      $\downarrow$   
 $\frac{4x^2 - 3}{+3 \quad +3} = 0$        $\frac{7x + 4}{-4 \quad -4} = 0$   
 $\frac{4x^2}{4} = \frac{3}{4}$                        $\frac{7x}{7} = \frac{-4}{7}$   
 $x^2 = \frac{3}{4}$                                $\boxed{x = \frac{-4}{7}}$   
 $\boxed{x = \pm \sqrt{\frac{3}{4}}}$

12.  $80x^2 = -15x$

$$+15x \quad +15x$$

$$80x^2 + 15x = 0$$

$$5x(16x + 3) = 0$$

$5x=0$        $16x+3=0$   
 $\downarrow$              $\downarrow$   
 $\frac{5x}{5} = 0$        $\frac{16x+3}{-3 \quad -3} = 0$   
 $\boxed{x=0}$                        $\frac{16x}{16} = \frac{-3}{16}$   
 $\boxed{x = -3/16}$

13.  $x(x-3)(x^2-25)(x^2+x-12)=0$  ← difference of squares

$\Rightarrow x(x-3)(x-5)(x+5)(x-3)(x+4)=0$

$x=0$     $x-3=0 \Rightarrow x=3$     $x-5=0 \Rightarrow x=5$     $x+5=0 \Rightarrow x=-5$     $x-3=0 \Rightarrow x=3$     $x+4=0 \Rightarrow x=-4$

$x^2$	$4x$
$-3x$	$-12$

Mult:  $-12x^2$   
Add:  $x$

14.  $6x^2 - 2 = x$   
 $-x \quad -x$   
 $6x^2 - x - 2 = 0$

	$3x$	$-2$
$2x$	$6x^2$	$-4x$
$1$	$3x$	$-2$

Mult:  $-12x^2$   
Add:  $-x$

$(2x+1)(3x-2)=0$

$2x+1=0 \Rightarrow x=-\frac{1}{2}$   
 $3x-2=0 \Rightarrow x=\frac{2}{3}$

15.  $9x^2 - 1 = 0$  ← difference of squares

$(3x-1)(3x+1)=0$

$3x-1=0 \Rightarrow x=\frac{1}{3}$   
 $3x+1=0 \Rightarrow x=-\frac{1}{3}$

16.  $18x^3 - 9x^2 - 24x + 12 = 0$

$3(6x^3 - 3x^2 - 8x + 4) = 0$   
 $3(3x^2 - 4)(2x - 1) = 0$   
 $3 \neq 0 \Rightarrow 3x^2 - 4 = 0 \Rightarrow x = \pm\sqrt{4/3}$   
 $2x - 1 = 0 \Rightarrow x = 1/2$

	$2x$	$-1$
$3x^2$	$6x^3$	$-3x^2$
$-4$	$-8x$	$4$